

## **EU-Asia Cooperation on** (Phyto-) Sanitary and Food Safety Regulation

European approach to Official Controls applicable to FCM

Milada Sycova

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Contractor









## Legal basis

#### **General food law**

 The basic Union rules with regard to food and feed law are laid down in Regulation (EC) 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council

#### **Specific law**

- covers different areas
- aim: safety of food and feed
- framework legislation:
  - Regulation (EU) 2017/625 on official controls and other official activities performed to ensure the application of food and feed law, rules on animal health and welfare, plant health and plant protection products
  - Regulation (EC) 1935/2004 on materials and articles intended to come into contact with food





## Detailed legal basis - official controls

Regulation (EC) 1935/2004

Article 24
Inspection and control measures

Member States shall carry out official controls in order to enforce compliance with this Regulation in accordance with relevant provisions of Community law relating to official food and feed controls.

#### EURL / NRL

- assists to MS
- a high quality and uniformity of analytical results

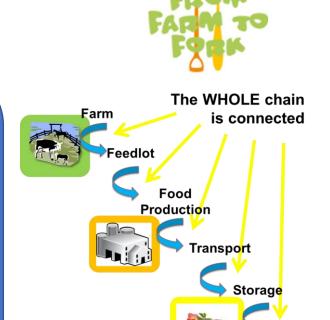




## **Legal basis – official controls**

#### Regulation (EU) 2017/625

- Official controls are carried out by the competent authorities in the EU countries to verify business compliance with the requirements set out in agri-food chain legislation.
- The agri-food chain encompasses activities preceding and comprising the production of food, i.e. from farm to fork, stable to table.

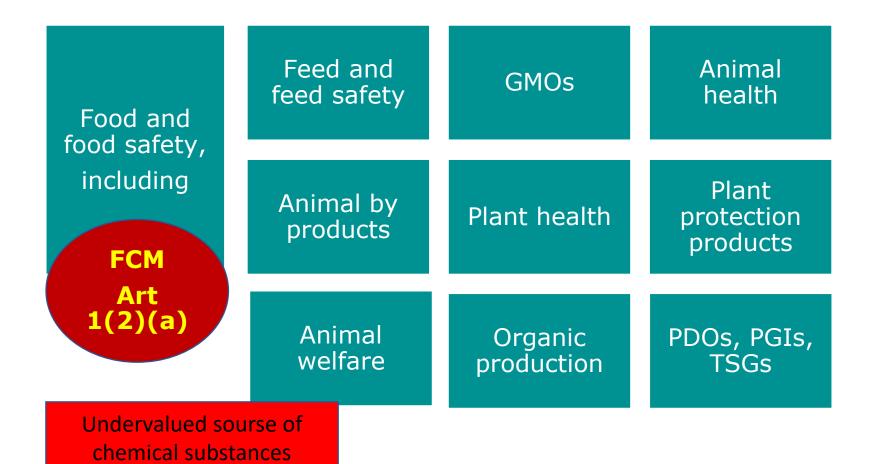


The EU countries are responsible for the enforcement of agri-food chain legislation.





## Scope of official control



EU-Asia Cooperation on (Phyto-) Sanitary (SPS) and Food Safety Regulation in China, India, Indonesia, Japan, Malaysia, Philippines, South Korea, Thailand, Vietnam



### FRAMEWORK REGULATION (EC) No 1935

Article 24 **Inspection and** control measures

REGULATION (E

2006

covered by official control RES (Article 5(i)) SPEC

#### Mate

- Cerami
- ose

cled plastics Active and intelligent **Materials** 

#### **Substances:**

- **Nitrosamines**
- Epoxy derivates: BADGE, BFDGE, NOGE
- Bisphenol A in plastic and varnished and coated FCM

#### **Import controls:**

- Melamine kitchenware
- Polyamine kitchenware

+ national provisions for non-harmonised FCM





## **Structure of Regulation 2017/625**

#### **General Principles Articles 1 – 15**

Subject matter, scope & definitions, Competent Authorities general requirements

#### Sector Specific Requirements Articles 16 – 27

e.g. Products of animal origin, residues, animal welfare, plant health, GMOs, plant protection products, organic production, new risks

Art. 28 – 33 Delegation of tasks	Art. 34 – 42 Sampling, analyses, tests + Diagnoses	Art. 43 – 77 Import Controls	Art. 78 – 91 Financing OC + official certification	Art. 92 – 101 EURLs EURCs	Art. 102 – 108 Administrative Assistance + Cooperation
Art. 109 – 115 Planning + Reporting	Art. 116 – 124 Commission controls	Art. 125 – 129 Conditions for entry into the EU	Art. 130 Training (BTSF)	Art. 131 – 136 IMSOC	Art. 137 – 141 Enforcement

Common Provisions - Articles 142 – 167





## **Key Principles**

Transparency

Harmonization

Simplification

Efficiency

Risk based approach





## The risk based approach (Article 9) Performance & Frequency of Controls

Controls to be performed "regularly, on a risk basis and with appropriate frequency"

Own controls, including private quality schemes

Likelihood of fraudulent and deceptive behaviours

Operator's past record





## The risk based approach (Article 9) Performance & Frequency of Controls

Without prior notice, unless necessary for the control to be carried out

The administrative burden of the operators to be minimised





## Official Controls on the Operator's Processes and Activities

- Controls carried out at all stages of production, processing, distribution and use of FCMs (Article 10 (1)(b))
- **Register of operators** (including FCM operators –Article 10(2))
- Regulation requires Competent Authorities to set up and keep an up-to-date register of operators subject to official controls.





# Specific Rules: Residues of relevant substances in food and feed (Article 19 (1))

At any stage of production, processing and distribution

Substances to be used in food contact materials, contaminants, non-authorised, prohibited and undesirable substances





## Obligations of the operators (Article 15)

Provide information on their name, legal form and specific activities

Give access to computers and premises, to the extent necessary

Assist and cooperate with the staff of the competent authorities





## **Obligations of the authorities**

Ensure the effectiveness, impartiality and quality of official controls and other official activities (Article 5)

Perform official controls in accordance with documented procedures; draw up written records of every control (Article 13)





## General obligations concerning the competent authorities (Art. 5)

#### The competent authorities shall:

- a) have procedures and/or arrangements in place to ensure the effectiveness and appropriateness of official controls and other official activities;
- b) have procedures and/or arrangements in place to ensure the impartiality, quality and consistency of official controls and other official activities at all levels;
- c) have procedures and/or arrangements in place to ensure that staff performing official controls and other official activities are free from any conflict of interest;
- d) have, or have access to, an adequate laboratory capacity for analysis, testing and diagnosis





## General obligations concerning the competent authorities (Art. 5)

- e) have, or have access to, a sufficient number of suitably qualified and experienced staff so that official controls and other official activities can be performed efficiently and effectively;
- f) have appropriate and properly maintained facilities and equipment to ensure that staff can perform official controls and other official activities efficiently and effectively;
- g) have the legal powers to perform official controls and other official activities and to take the action provided for in this Regulation and in the rules referred to in Article 1(2);
- h) have legal procedures in place in order to ensure that staff have access to the premises of, and documents kept by, operators so as to be able to accomplish their tasks properly;
- i) have contingency plans in place, and be prepared to operate such plans in the event of an emergency, where appropriate, in accordance with the rules referred to in Article 1(2) Reg. 2017/625.





## Methods and Techniques for Official Controls Article 14

Traceability

Labelling

**GMP** 

Samples, analysis

Cleaning and maintenance

Relevant packaging materials including FCMs

Advertising

Audits of operators





### **Actions and Penalties**

Actions non-compliance	Penalties
<ul> <li>determine the origin and extent of non-compliance</li> <li>correcting labels</li> <li>restrict or prohibit placing goods on the market</li> <li>order the BO to increase the frequency of own controls</li> <li>order the recall, withdrawal, removal and destruction of goods</li> <li>closing the website of the operator</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>reflect operator's</li> <li>economic advantage</li> <li>turnover</li> <li>protect whistle-blowers</li> </ul>
• etc	





## **Transparency of Official Controls**

Publish, at least once a year, relevant information about the organisation and performance of official controls

Competent Authorities must ensure a regular and timely publication of the outcome of official controls

• the cases where enforcement measures were taken and penalties were imposed





## Official Control Regulation and ecommerce

#### Article 35 on online sampling

- Sale via distance communication → CA can order samples from operators without prior identification
- Article 138 (2) on measures
- Where the non-compliance is established, the competent authorities shall:
- (i) <u>order the cessation for an appropriate period of time</u> of all or part of the activities of the operator concerned and, where relevant, of the internet sites it operates or employs





### Sampling and analysis (Article 34 + 37)

Off. laboratories to be accredited; ISO/IEC 17025





### **Decision to establish EURL (article 92)**



Where the effectiveness of official controls depends on the quality, uniformity and reliability of methods and results of analysis

Where there is a recognised need to promote uniform practices in relation to the development or use of the methods

The Commission shall review their mandate regularly





## Selection and designation of an EURL

The decision to establish an EURL will be taken by a delegated act

The designation will be implemented by the COM

• This will increase the openness and transparency of the selection process

The designation will be valid for a minimum period of five years





## Responsibilities and tasks of EURLs (Article 94)

Proficiency testing

Reference materials to NRLs Scientific and technical assistance to COM and NRLs (including Training Courses)

Establish and maintain reference collections of FCMs used to calibrate analytical equipment

Methods of analysis and tests to NRLs

To collaborate with labs of third countries and with EFSA





### **IMSOC**

- Information Management System for Official Controls
- It's a concept to allow our EU systems to exchange information and share features (and with MS systems)
- Toward a better collective controls efficiency
- TRACES/ BOVEX/ ADNS/ EUROPHYT/ IRASFF/ AAC





### **Control activities**

#### **Control plan**

means a description established by the competent authorities containing information on the structure and organisation of the official control system, and of its operation and the detailed planning of official controls to be performed, over a period of time, in each of the areas governed by the rules referred to in Article 1(2) Reg. 2017/625

part of MANCP





### **Control activities**

#### **How? Tools for controls:**

- inspection
- monitoring
- sampling
- analysis
- documentary check (including audit of FCM producers)

#### Where?

- in all stages of the supply chain of food contact material
- in the food industry
- at the point of entry in the EU
- at the point of distribution
- at retailers

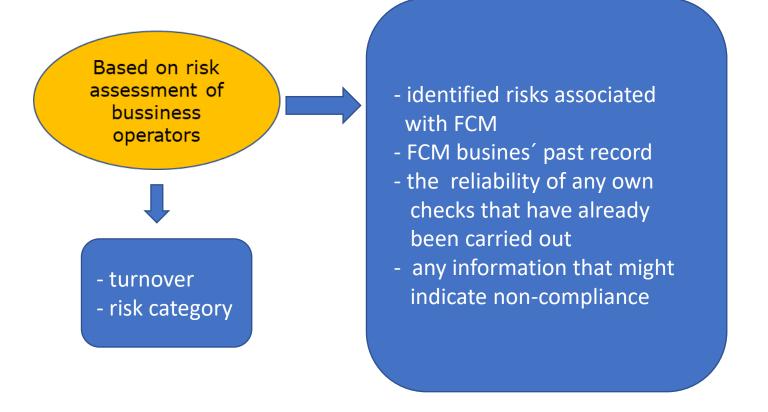
Based on risk assessment of bussiness operators

- turnover
- risk category





### **Control activities**









RASFF – the Rapid Alert System for Food and Feed - a key tool to ensure the cross-border follow of information to swiftly react when risks to public health are detected in the food chain













## 2021 Annual Report Alert and Cooperation Network

Total number of notifications: 4607

Area	Number of notifications
Food	4102
Feed	236
FCM	269

notifications on FCM are more than doubled compared to year 2020





## Thank you for your attention!



#### For more information on the project activities:

